


**MINISTRY OF EDUCATION AND SCIENCE OF UKRAINE
NATIONAL TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY
«DNIPRO UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY»**

**STRUCTURAL, THEORETICAL AND APPLIED MECHANICS
DEPARTMENT**

**«APPROVED»
Head of Department**

Kolosov D.L. 
31.08.2021

**WORKING PROGRAM
«Technical Mechanics»**

Field of knowledge.....	14 Electrical engineering
Specialty	141 Electric Power Engineering, Electrical Engineering and Electromechanics
Educational level	First (bachelor)
Educational program	Electric Power Engineering, Electrical Engineering and Electromechanics
Status	compulsory
Total volume	4 ECTS (120 hours)
Teaching time	4th semester (7,8 quarters)
Form of final control ...	exam
Teaching language	English

Professor: Alexander M. Dolgov

Prolonged: for 2022/2023 acad. year. Dolgov (Kolosoв D.L. «31» 08 2022

for 20__/20__ acad. year. _____ (_____) «__» 20__.

The program of the discipline «Technical Mechanics» for applicants of higher education in the field of knowledge 14 Electrical Engineering, specialty 141 Electrical Power Engineering, Electrical Engineering and Electromechanics / A.M. Dolgov; Nat. Tech. University, Dept. construction, theoretical and applied mechanics. - D .: NTU «Dnipro University of Technology», 2021. - 13 p.

Author – A.M. Dolgov

The work program regulates:

- The purpose of the discipline;
- Disciplinary learning outcomes formed on the basis of the transformation of the expected learning outcomes of the educational program;
- Basic disciplines;
- Volume and distribution by forms of organization of the educational process and types of training sessions;
- Program of the discipline (thematic plan by types of classes);
- Algorithm for assessing the level of achievement of disciplinary learning outcomes (scales, tools, procedures and evaluation criteria);
- Tools, equipment and software;
- Recommended sources of information.

The work program is designed to implement a competency-based approach to planning the educational process, teaching the discipline, preparing students for control activities, monitoring the implementation of educational activities, internal and external quality control of higher education, accreditation of educational programs within the specialty.

The work program will be useful for the formation of the content of bachelor's training in the specialty 141 Electric power, electrical engineering and electro mechanics

Adopted by the methodical commission on the specialty 141 «Electric power, electrical engineering and electro mechanics» (protocol № 21\22-01 dated 30.08.2021).

CONTENT

1 PURPOSE OF THE COURSE 3

2 EXPECTED DISCIPLINARY LEARNING OUTCOMES 4

3 BASIC DISCIPLINES 4

**4 SCOPES AND DISTRIBUTION BY FORMS OF EDUCATIONAL
PROCESS ORGANIZATION AND TYPES OF TRAINING SESSIONS 5**

5 DISCIPLINE PROGRAM BY TYPES OF TRAINING SESSIONS 5

6 ASSESSMENT OF LEARNING OUTCOMES 7

6.1 Scales 7

6.2 Means and Procedures 8

6.3 Criteria 8

7 TOOLS, EQUIPMENT AND SOFTWARE 12

8 RECOMMENDED SOURCES OF INFORMATION 12

1 PURPOSE OF THE COURSE

In the educational and professional program of the National Technical University «Dnipro University of Technology» for applicants of higher education on the specialty 141 Electrical Power Engineering, Electrical Engineering and Electromechanics is represented the distribution of the program learning outcomes (PLO) by organizational forms of the educational process. In particular, the discipline F7 «Technical Mechanics» includes the following learning outcomes:

PLO code	Content
ПП07	To carry out the analysis of processes in the electric power, electrotechnical and electromechanical equipment and the corresponding complexes and systems

The discipline goal is to form knowledge of general methods of using the basic laws and principles of Mechanics necessary for the analysis of physical phenomena, modeling of various processes and finding optimal solutions to problems arising in the development, technical implementation and operation of electromechanical and power equipment.

Achieving the goal requires the transformation of program learning outcomes into disciplinary ones, and the selection of the content of the discipline according to this criterion.

2 EXPECTED DISCIPLINARY LEARNING OUTCOMES

DISCIPLINARY LEARNING OUTCOMES (DLO)		
PLO Code	DLO Code	DLO Content
ПП07	ПП07.1-Φ6	compose and resolve equilibrium equations for systems of forces, determine force factors and build their diagrams;
	ПП07.2-Φ6	compose and solve equations of motion of material bodies;
	ПП07.3-Φ6	find the kinematic characteristics of the motion of solids;
	ПП07.4-Φ6	use general theorems and principles of dynamics for analysis, mechanical processes in machines and devices of electromechanical equipment;
	ПП07.5-Φ6	perform engineering calculations for strength, rigidity and stability in tension, compression, torsion and bending;
	ПП07.6-Φ6	apply the acquired knowledge for diagnostics and modeling of standard structures of machinery and mechanisms of electromechanical and power equipment.

3 BASIC DISCIPLINES

Course title	Learning outcomes obtained
B1 Higher Mathematics B2 General Physics	3P01 Solve practical problems involving methods of Mathematics and Physics
B3 Computing and programming	IIP06 Use application software to solve practical problems in professional activities

4 SCOPES AND DISTRIBUTION BY FORMS OF EDUCATIONAL PROCESS ORGANIZATION AND TYPES OF TRAINING SESSIONS

Type	Scope, <i>hours</i>	Distribution by forms of study, <i>hours</i>					
		Full time		Part time education		Education by correspondence	
		classroom	individual work	classroom	individual work	classroom	classroom
lectures	90	30	30	-	-	-	-
classes	90	22	31	-	-	-	-
lab	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
control	-	7	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	120	59	61	-	-	-	-

5 DISCIPLINE PROGRAM BY TYPES OF TRAINING SESSIONS

Types and Topics of Training Sessions	The volume of components, <i>hours</i>
Lectures	60
1. Basic concepts and axioms of statics 1.1. Subject of statics. Basic concepts and axioms 1.2. Constraints, their classification 1.3. Moment of a force relative to the pole and axis	2
2. Equilibrium conditions of force systems 2.1. Equivalent systems of forces 2.2. Reduction of an arbitrary system of forces to the simplest form 2.3. Center of parallel forces. Center of gravity. Methods of finding the center of gravity 2.4. Equilibrium conditions of particular cases of force systems	6
3. Kinematics of the point 3.1. The subject of kinematics. Space and time in classical mechanics 3.2. Determining the motion of a point, path 3.3. Determining velocity and acceleration of a point	2
4. The simplest movements of a rigid body 4.1. Translational motion of a rigid body 4.2. Rotation of a rigid body around a fixed axis. Angular velocity and angular acceleration of the body 4.3. Velocity and acceleration of points of a rotating solid	2

5. Plane motion of a rigid body 5.1. Equation of plane motion. Distribution of velocities of points of a plane figure. Velocity projection theorem 5.2. Determining velocities and accelerations of body points in plane motion 5.3. Instantaneous center of velocities and ways to find it. ICV as a pole. Methods for determining the angular velocity and angular acceleration of a plane figure	6
6. Dynamics of the point 6.1. The subject of dynamics. Laws of dynamics 6.2. Problems of point dynamics 6.3. Differential equations of the motion of a point	4
7. General theorems of dynamics 7.1. The concept of mechanical systems. Mass and geometric characteristics of systems and solids 7.2. Measures of mechanical motion of the system 7.3. Measures of mechanical interaction 7.4. Theorem of the center of mass motion of a mechanical system. The law of motion of the center of mass of the material system 7.5. Theorem of the change in the momentum and kinetic momentum of mechanical system. Equation of motion of a rigid body around a fixed axis 7.6. Theorem of the change in of kinetic energy	8
8. Fundamentals of the theory of oscillations 8.1. Types of point oscillations. Differential equations of point oscillations 8.2. Free oscillations 8.3. Forced oscillations Decrement oscillations. Resonance	6
9. Introduction to Strength of Materials 9.1. Basic hypotheses. Types of beam deformation 9.2. Stress and strain	2
10. Axial tension and compression 10.1 Deformation of tension and compression. Longitudinal forces and drawing their diagrams 10.2. Tension. Longitudinal and transverse deformations. Hooke's law 10.3. Mechanical characteristics of materials. Tension and compression diagrams. Dangerous stresses. Strength and working stress. Strength condition	6
11. Torsion 11.1. Determining torques and drawing their diagrams 11.2. Stress and strain at torsion of round cross section rods 11.3. Calculation of strength and rigidity	4

12. Straight transverse bending 12.1. Types of bent beams. Internal efforts at direct transverse bending and drawing their diagrams 12.2. Differential dependences at bending. Differential equation of the elastic line of the beam 12.3. Normal stress at pure bending. Calculation of beams on strength by normal stresses	6
13. Basics of machine parts 13.1. Belt and chain transmissions 13.2. Gears and worm gears 13.3. Shafts and axles 13.4. Bearings 13.5. Detachable and non-detachable connections 13.6. Couplings	6
Practical Classes	53
Equilibrium of concurrent force system	2
Equilibrium of coplanar force system	4
Point kinematics: determining path, velocity and acceleration of a point	2
Rotational motion of a rigid body around a fixed axis. Determining the speed and acceleration of the body points	2
Plane motion of a rigid body: determining velocities and acceleration points of the body	6
Solution of the first and second problems of point dynamics	4
Using the theorem of the center of mass motion of a mechanical system	2
Using the kinetic moment theorem of a point and a system	2
Using the theorem of the change in kinetic energy of a point and a system	6
Oscillatory motion of a material point: free, damping and forced oscillations	3
Calculation of tensile and compressive strength and rigidity	4
Calculations for torsional strength and rigidity	4
Diagrams of internal efforts for beams at bending	4
Calculations for the strength of transverse bending by normal stress	2
Fundamentals of calculation of mechanical gears	4
Shaft calculation and bearing selection	2
Control Classes	7
TOTAL	120

6 ASSESSMENT OF LEARNING OUTCOMES

Certification of student achievement is carried out through transparent procedures based on objective criteria in accordance with the Regulations of the University «On the evaluation of learning outcomes of higher education».

The achieved level of competencies in relation to the expected ones, which is identified during the control activities, reflects the real result of the student's study in the discipline.

6.1 Scales

Assessment of academic achievements of students of NTU «DP» is carried out on a rating (100-point) and institutional scales. The latter is necessary (in the official

absence of a national scale) for the conversion (translation) of mobile students' grades.

Scales for assessing the academic achievements of students of NTU«DP»

Rating	Institutional
90...100	Excellent
74...89	Good
60...73	Satisfactory
0...59	Fail

The discipline is credited if the student got a final mark of at least 60 points. The lower mark is considered to be an academic debt that is subject to liquidation in accordance with the Regulations on the organization of the educational process of NTU «DP».

6.2 Means and Procedures

The content of diagnostic tools is aimed at controlling the level of knowledge, skills, communication, autonomy and responsibility of the student according to the requirements of the NQF to the 6-th qualification level during the demonstration of learning outcomes regulated by the work program.

The student in the control activities must perform tasks focused solely on the demonstration of disciplinary learning outcomes (Section 2).

Diagnostic tools provided to students at control activities in the form of tasks for current and final control, are formed by specifying the initial data and the method of demonstrating disciplinary learning outcomes.

Diagnostic tools (control tasks) for the current and final control of the discipline are approved by the department.

The types of diagnostic tools and assessment procedures for the current and final control of the discipline are given below.

Diagnostic means and assessment procedures

	CURRENT CONTROL		FINAL CONTROL	
training session	diagnostic tools	procedures	diagnostic tools	procedures
lectures	control tasks for each topic	poll	exam	determining the weighted average result of current controls
classes	control tasks for each topic	performing tasks during practical classes		performing complex control task (CCT) during the exam at the request of the student
	individual task	performing tasks during individual work		

During the current control lectures are evaluated by determining the quality of specific tasks. Practical classes are assessed by the quality of the control or individual task.

If the content of a certain type of classes is subject to several components of the description of the qualification level of the NQF, the integral value of the assessment can be determined taking into account the weights set by the teacher.

If there is a level of results of current controls in all types of classes at least 60 points, the final control is carried out without the participation of the student by determining the weighted average of current grades.

Regardless of the results of the current control, each student during the exam has the right to perform the CCT, which contains tasks covering key disciplinary learning outcomes.

The number of specified tasks of the CCT should correspond to the allotted time for execution. The number of the CCT options should provide individualization of the task.

The value of the assessment for the implementation of the CCT is determined by the average assessment of the components (specified tasks) and is final.

The integral value of the assessment of the implementation of the CCT can be determined taking into account the weights set by the department for each component of the description of the qualification level of the NQF.

6.3 Criteria

Actual student learning outcomes are identified and measured relative to what is expected during the follow-up activities using criteria that describe the student's actions to demonstrate the achievement of learning outcomes.

To assess the performance of control tasks during the current control of lectures and practical classes as a criterion is used the coefficient of mastering, which automatically adapts the assessment indicator to the rating scale:

$$O_i = 100 a/m,$$

where a is the number of correct answers or significant operations performed in accordance with the decision standard; m is the total number of questions or significant operations of the standard.

Individual tasks and complex tests are evaluated expertly using criteria that characterize the ratio of requirements to the level of competencies and indicators of assessment on a rating scale.

The content of the criteria is based on the competency characteristics defined by the NQF for the master's level of higher education (below).

The content of the criteria is based on the competency characteristics defined by the NQF for the bachelor's degree (below).

General criteria for achieving learning outcomes for the 6-th qualification level for NQF

Qualification level descriptors	Requirements for knowledge, skills, communication, autonomy and responsibility	Grade
<i>Knowledge</i>		
specialized conceptual knowledge	The answer is excellent - correct, reasonable, meaningful. Characterizes the presence of:	95-100

Qualification level descriptors	Requirements for knowledge, skills, communication, autonomy and responsibility	Grade
acquired in the process of learning and / or professional activity at the level of the latest achievements, which are the basis for original thinking and innovation, in particular in the context of research work; critical understanding of problems in teaching and / or professional activities and at the border of subject areas	- specialized conceptual knowledge at the level of the latest achievements; - critical understanding of problems in teaching and / or professional activities and at the border of subject areas	
	The answer contains minor errors or omissions	90-94
	The answer is correct, but has some inaccuracies	85-89
	The answer is correct, but has some inaccuracies and is insufficiently substantiated	80-84
	The answer is correct, but has some inaccuracies, insufficiently substantiated and meaningful	74-79
	The answer is fragmentary	70-73
	The answer shows the student's vague ideas about the object of study	65-69
	The level of knowledge is minimally satisfactory	60-64
	The level of knowledge is unsatisfactory	<60
<i>Skills</i>		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • solving complex problems and problems that require updating and integration of knowledge, often in conditions of incomplete / insufficient information and conflicting requirements; • conducting research and / or innovation activities 	The answer characterizes the ability to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - identify problems; - formulate hypotheses; - solve problems; - update knowledge; - integrate knowledge; - to carry out innovative activity; - to carry out scientific activity 	95-100
	The answer characterizes the ability to apply knowledge in practice with minor errors	90-94
	The answer characterizes the ability to apply knowledge in practice, but has some inaccuracies in the implementation of one requirement	85-89
	The answer characterizes the ability to apply knowledge in practice, but has some inaccuracies in the implementation of the two requirements	80-84
	The answer characterizes the ability to apply knowledge in practice, but has some inaccuracies in the implementation of the three requirements	74-79
	The answer characterizes the ability to apply knowledge in practice, but has some inaccuracies in the implementation of the four requirements	70-73
	The answer characterizes the ability to apply knowledge in practice when performing tasks on the model	65-69
	The answer characterizes the ability to apply knowledge in performing tasks on the model, but with inaccuracies	60-64
	The level of skills is unsatisfactory	<60
<i>Communication</i>		
• clear and unambiguous communication of own	Clarity of the answer (report). Language: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - correct; - clean; 	95-100

Qualification level descriptors	Requirements for knowledge, skills, communication, autonomy and responsibility	Grade
conclusions, as well as knowledge and explanations that substantiate them, to specialists and non-specialists, in particular to students; • use of foreign languages in professional activities	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - clear; - accurate; - logical; - expressive; - concise. Communication strategy: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - consistent and consistent development of thought; - the presence of logical own judgments; - appropriate reasoning and its compliance with the defended provisions; - correct structure of the answer (report); - correct answers to questions; - appropriate technique for answering questions; - ability to draw conclusions and formulate proposals; - use of foreign languages in professional activities 	
	Sufficient clarity of the answer (report) and appropriate communication strategy with minor flaws	90-94
	Good clarity of the answer (report) and appropriate communication strategy (three requirements in total are not realized)	85-89
	Good clarity of response (report) and appropriate communication strategy (four requirements not implemented in total)	80-84
	Good comprehensibility of the answer (report) and appropriate communication strategy (five requirements in total are not fulfilled)	74-79
	Satisfactory clarity of response (report) and appropriate communication strategy (seven requirements not implemented in total)	70-73
	Satisfactory comprehensibility of the answer (report) and communication strategy with errors (a total of nine requirements are not implemented)	65-69
	Satisfactory comprehensibility of the answer (report) and communication strategy with errors (a total of 10 requirements are not implemented)	60-64
The level of communication is unsatisfactory	<60	
<i>Autonomy and responsibility</i>		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • responsibility for the development of professional knowledge and practices, assessment of the strategic development of the team; • ability to further study, which is largely autonomous 	Excellent competence: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - use of principles and methods of organizing team activities; - effective distribution of powers in the team structure; - maintaining a balanced relationship with team members (responsibility for the relationship); - stress resistance; - self-regulation; - work activity in extreme situations; - high level of personal attitude to the case; - mastery of all types of educational activities; 	95-100

Qualification level descriptors	Requirements for knowledge, skills, communication, autonomy and responsibility	Grade
and independent	- appropriate level of fundamental knowledge; - the appropriate level of formation of general educational skills and abilities	
	Confident mastery of the competencies of autonomy and responsibility with minor flaws	90-94
	Good mastery of autonomy and responsibility competencies (two requirements not met)	85-89
	Good mastery of autonomy and responsibility competencies (three requirements not met)	80-84
	Good mastery of autonomy and responsibility competencies (four requirements not met)	74-79
	Good mastery of autonomy and responsibility competencies (five requirements not met)	70-73
	Good mastery of autonomy and responsibility competencies (six requirements not met)	65-69
	Satisfactory mastery of autonomy and responsibility competencies (fragmentary level)	60-64
	The level of autonomy and responsibility is unsatisfactory	<60

7 TOOLS, EQUIPMENT AND SOFTWARE

Technical teaching aids (laboratory equipment, personal computers, multimedia equipment).

Remote platform (Teams, Zoom).

8 RECOMMENDED SOURCES OF INFORMATION

1. S. Targ. Theoretical Mechanics. A Short Course. – Moscow: Foreign Languages Publishing House, 1974. – 421 p.
2. N.M. Belyaev. Strength of Materials. – Moscow: Mir Publisher, 1979. –647 p.
3. Theoretical mechanics. Kinematics [Text]: Summary of lectures/ A.M.Dolgov. - D.: National Mining institute, 1992. - 39 p.
4. Elements of Strength of Materials. [Text]: Summary of lectures, Part 1/ Blokhin S.E., A.M. Dolgov. - D.: National Mining university, 1998. - 35 p.
5. Theoretical Mechanics. Statics [Text]: Summary of lectures/ A.M.Dolgov. - D.: National Mining university, 1998. - 37 p.
6. Theoretical Mechanics. Dynamics [Text]: Summary of lectures/ A.M.Dolgov. - D.: National Mining university, 2000. - 49 p.
7. Theoretical Mechanics. Dynamics [Text]: tutorial/ A.M.Dolgov. - D.: National Mining university, 2012. - 160 p.
8. Dolgov, A.M. Theoretical mechanics [electronic resource] : electronic textbook / A.M.Dolgov ; Ministry of Education and Science of Ukraine, National Mining University. – Dnipropetrovs'k : NMU, 2015. – 124 p.
9. A.M. Dolgov, D.L.Kolosov. Mechanics of Machines [Text]: Study Guide / A.M. Dolgov. – D.: NTU «Dnipro university of technology», 2020. – 64 p.

Information Resources:

<https://do.nmu.org.ua/course/view.php?id=2592>

<https://do.nmu.org.ua/course/view.php?id=2425>

<https://do.nmu.org.ua/course/view.php?id=2070>

<https://btpm.nmu.org.ua/ua/vydav/metodichka.php>

<https://btpm.nmu.org.ua/ua/selfstudy/och.php>

Educational Edition

WORKING PROGRAM

«Technical Mechanics»

for bachelors majoring in 141 Power Engineering, Electrical Engineering and
Electromechanics

Author: Alexander M. Dolgov

Prepared for publication

at the National Technical University

«Dnipro University of Technology».

Certificate of entry in the State Register of SC № 1842

49005, Dnipro, ave. D. Yavornytsky, 19