#### MINISTRY OF EDUCATION AND SCIENCE OF UKRAINE NATIONAL TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY «DNIPRO UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY»

# STRUCTURAL, THEORETICAL FND APPLIED MECHANICS DEPARTMENT

# WORKING PROGRAM

# «Technical Mechanics»

14 Electrical engineering Field of knowledge..... 141 Power engineering, electrical Specialty ..... engineering and electromechanics Educational level ..... First (bachelor) Power engineering, electrical engineering Educational program .... and electromechanics Status ..... Professional by specialty 4 ECTS (120 hours) Total volume ..... Teaching time ..... 4th semester (7,8 quarters) Form of final control ... exam English, Ukrainian Teaching language .....

Professor: Alexander M. Dolgov

DNIPRO NTU «DNIPRO UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY» 2021 The program of the discipline «Technical Mechanics» for applicants of higher education in the field of knowledge 14 Electrical Engineering, specialty 141 Electrical Power Engineering, Electrical Engineering and Electromechanics / A.M. Dolgov; Nat. Tech. University, Dept. construction, theoretical and applied mechanics. - D .: NTU «Dnipro University of Technology», 2021. - 13 p.

Author – A.M. Dolgov

The work program regulates:

- The purpose of the discipline;

- Disciplinary learning outcomes formed on the basis of the transformation of the expected learning outcomes of the educational program;

- Basic disciplines;

- Volume and distribution by forms of organization of the educational process and types of training sessions;

- Program of the discipline (thematic plan by types of classes);

- Algorithm for assessing the level of achievement of disciplinary learning outcomes (scales, tools, procedures and evaluation criteria);

- Tools, equipment and software;

- Recommended sources of information.

The work program is designed to implement a competency-based approach to planning the educational process, teaching the discipline, preparing students for control activities, monitoring the implementation of educational activities, internal and external quality control of higher education, accreditation of educational programs within the specialty.

The work program will be useful for the formation of the content of bachelor's training in the specialty 141 Electric power, electrical engineering and electro mechanics

Adopted by the methodical commission on the specialty 141 «Electric power, electrical engineering and electro mechanics» (protocol  $N_2$  21\22-01 dated 30.08.2021).

#### CONTENT

**1 PURPOSE OF THE COURSE 3** 

**2 EXPECTED DISCIPLINARY LEARNING OUTCOMES 4** 

**3 BASIC DISCIPLINES 4** 

4 SCOPES AND DISTRIBUTION BY FORMS OF EDUCATIONAL PROCESS ORGANIZATION AND TYPES OF TRAINING SESSIONS 5 5 DISCIPLINE PROGRAM BY TYPES OF TRAINING SESSONS 5 6 ASSESSMENT OF LEARNING OUTCOMES 7

6.1 Scales 7

6.2 Means and Procedures 8

6.3 Criteria 8

7 TOOLS, EQUIPMENT AND SOFTWARE 12

**8 RECOMMENDED SOURCES OF INFORMATION 12** 

#### **1 PURPOSE OF THE COURSE**

In the educational and professional program of the National Technical University «Dnipro University of Technology» for applicants of higher education on the specialty 141 Electrical Power Engineering, Electrical Engineering and Electromechanics is represented the distribution of the program learning outcomes (PLO) by organizational forms of the educational process. In particular, the discipline F7 «Technical Mechanics» includes the following learning outcomes:

PLO	Content
code	
ПР07	To carry out the analysis of processes in the electric power, electrotechnical and electromechanical equipment and the corresponding complexes and systems

**The discipline goal** is to form knowledge of general methods of using the basic laws and principles of Mechanics necessary for the analysis of physical phenomena, modeling of various processes and finding optimal solutions to problems arising in the development, technical implementation and operation of electromechanical and power equipment.

Achieving the goal requires the transformation of program learning outcomes into disciplinary ones, and the selection of the content of the discipline according to this criterion.

		DISCIPLINARY LEARNING OUTCOMES (DLO)
PLO	DLO Code	DLO Content
Code		
ПР07	ПР07.1-Ф6	compose and resolve equilibrium equations for systems of
		forces, determine force factors and build their diagrams;
	ПР07.2-Ф6	compose and solve equations of motion of material bodies;
	ПР07.3-Ф6	find the kinematic characteristics of the motion of solids;
	ПР07.4-Ф6	use general theorems and principles of dynamics for analysis, mechanical processes in machines and devices of electromechanical equipment;
	ПР07.5-Ф6	perform engineering calculations for strength, rigidity and stability in tension, compression, torsion and bending;
	ПР07.6-Ф6	apply the acquired knowledge for diagnostics and modeling of standard structures of machinery and mechanisms of electromechanical and power equipment.

#### **2 EXPECTED DISCIPLINARY LEARNING OUTCOMES**

# **3 BASIC DISCIPLINES**

Course title	Learning outcomes obtained
Б1 Higher Mathematics	3P01 Solve practical problems involving methods of
<b>52</b> General Physics	Mathematics and Physics
Б3 Computing and	ΠΡ06 Use application software to solve practical
programming	problems in professional activities

# 4 SCOPES AND DISTRIBUTION BY FORMS OF EDUCATIONAL PROCESS ORGANIZATION AND TYPES OF TRAINING SESSIONS

	SIK	Distribution by forms of study, hours					
Туре	Scope, hou	Full time		Part time education		Education by correspondence	
		classroom	individual work	classroom	individual work	classroom	classroom
lectures	90	30	30	-	-	-	-
classes	90	22	31	-	-	-	-
lab	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
control	-	7	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	120	59	61	-	-	-	-

# **5 DISCIPLINE PROGRAM BY TYPES OF TRAINING SESSONS**

Types and Topics of Training Sessions	The volume of components, <i>hours</i>
Lectures	60
<ol> <li>Basic concepts and axioms of statics</li> <li>Subject of statics. Basic concepts and axioms</li> <li>Constraints, their classification</li> <li>Moment of a force relative to the pole and axis</li> </ol>	2
<ul> <li>2. Equilibrium conditions of force systems</li> <li>2.1. Equivalent systems of forces</li> <li>2.2. Reduction of an arbitrary system of forces to the simplest form</li> <li>2.3. Center of parallel forces. Center of gravity. Methods of finding the center of gravity</li> <li>2.4. Equilibrium conditions of particular cases of force systems</li> </ul>	6
<ul> <li>3. Kinematics of the point</li> <li>3.1. The subject of kinematics. Space and time in classical mechanics</li> <li>3.2. Determining the motion of a point, path</li> <li>3.3. Determining velocity and acceleration of a point</li> </ul>	2
<ul> <li>4. The simplest movements of a rigid body</li> <li>4.1. Translational motion of a rigid body</li> <li>4.2. Rotation of a rigid body around a fixed axis. Angular velocity and angular acceleration of the body</li> <li>4.3. Velocity and acceleration of points of a rotating solid</li> </ul>	2

5. Plane motion of a rigid body	6
5.1. Equation of plane motion. Distribution of velocities of points of a	
plane figure. Velocity projection theorem	
5.2. Determining velocities and accelerations of body points in plane	
motion	
5.3. Instantaneous center of velocities and ways to find it. ICV as a pole.	
Methods for determining the angular velocity and angular acceleration of	
a plane figure	
6. Dynamics of the point	4
6.1. The subject of dynamics. Laws of dynamics	-
6.2 Problems of point dynamics	
6.3. Differential equations of the motion of a point	
7 Conorol theorems of dynamics	8
7.1 The concept of machanical systems Mass and geometric	0
7.1. The concept of mechanical systems. Mass and geometric	
7.2. Macauras of machanical motion of the system	
7.2. Measures of mechanical motion of the system	
7.3. Measures of mechanical interaction	
7.4. Theorem of the center of mass motion of a mechanical system. The	
law of motion of the center of mass of the material system	
7.5. Theorem of the change in the momentum and kinetic momentum of	
mechanical system. Equation of motion of a rigid body around a fixed	
axis	
7.6. Theorem of the change in of kinetic energy	
8. Fundamentals of the theory of oscillations	6
8.1 Types of point oscillations. Differential equations of point	Ū
oscillations	
8.2 Free oscillations	
8.3 Forced oscillations Decrement oscillations Resonance	
9 Introduction to Strength of Materials	2
9.1 Basic hypotheses. Types of beam deformation	-
0.2 Stress and strain	
10. Axial tension and compression	6
10.1 Deformation of tension and compression. Longitudinal forces and	
drawing their diagrams	
10.2. Tension. Longitudinal and transverse deformations. Hooke's law	
10.3. Mechanical characteristics of materials. Tension and compression	
diagrams. Dangerous stresses. Strength and working stress. Strength	
condition	
11. Torsion	4
11.1. Determining torques and drawing their diagrams	
11.2. Stress and strain at torsion of round cross section rods	
11.3. Calculation of strength and rigidity	

12. Straight transverse bending	6
12.1. Types of bent beams. Internal efforts at direct	
transverse bending and drawing their diagrams	
12.2. Differential dependences at bending. Differential equation of the	
elastic line of the beam	
12.3. Normal stress at pure bending. Calculation of beams on strength by	
normal stresses	
13. Basics of machine parts	6
13.1. Belt and chain transmissions	
13.2. Gears and worm gears	
13.3. Shafts and axles	
13.4. Bearings	
13.5. Detachable and non-detachable connections	
13.6. Couplings	
Practical Classes	53
Equilibrium of concurrent force system	2
Equilibrium of coplanar force system	4
Point kinematics: determining path, velocity and acceleration of a point	2
Rotational motion of a rigid body around a fixed axis. Determining the speed and acceleration of the body points	2
Plane motion of a rigid body: determining velocities and acceleration points of the body	6
Solution of the first and second problems of point dynamics	4
Using the theorem of the center of mass motion of a mechanical system	2
Using the kinetic moment theorem of a point and a system	2
Using the theorem of the change in kinetic energy of a point and a system	6
Oscillatory motion of a material point: free, damping and forced oscillations	3
Calculation of tensile and compressive strength and rigidity	4
Calculations for torsional strength and rigidity	4
Diagrams of internal efforts for beams at bending	4
Calculations for the strength of transverse bending by normal stress	2
Fundamentals of calculation of mechanical gears	4
Shaft calculation and bearing selection	2
Control Classes	7
TOTAL	120

#### 6 ASSESSMENT OF LEARNING OUTCOMES

Certification of student achievement is carried out through transparent procedures based on objective criteria in accordance with the Regulations of the University «On the evaluation of learning outcomes of higher education».

The achieved level of competencies in relation to the expected ones, which is identified during the control activities, reflects the real result of the student's study in the discipline.

#### 6.1 Scales

Assessment of academic achievements of students of NTU «DP» is carried out on a rating (100-point) and institutional scales. The latter is necessary (in the official

absence of a national scale) for the conversion (translation) of mobile students' grades.

Rating	Institutional
90100	Excellent
7489	Good
6073	Satisfactory
059	Fail

Scales for assessing the academic achievements of students of NTU«DP»

The discipline is credited if the student got a final mark of at least 60 points. The lower mark is considered to be an academic debt that is subject to liquidation in accordance with the Regulations on the organization of the educational process of NTU «DP».

#### **6.2 Means and Procedures**

The content of diagnostic tools is aimed at controlling the level of knowledge, skills, communication, autonomy and responsibility of the student according to the requirements of the NQF to the 6-th qualification level during the demonstration of learning outcomes regulated by the work program.

The student in the control activities must perform tasks focused solely on the demonstration of disciplinary learning outcomes (Section 2).

Diagnostic tools provided to students at control activities in the form of tasks for current and final control, are formed by specifying the initial data and the method of demonstrating disciplinary learning outcomes.

Diagnostic tools (control tasks) for the current and final control of the discipline are approved by the department.

The types of diagnostic tools and assessment procedures for the current and final control of the discipline are given below.

CURRENT CONTROL			FINAL CONTROL		
training session	diagnostic tools	procedures	diagnostic tools	procedures	
lectures	control tasks for each topic	poll		determining the weighted average result of current	
classes	control tasks for each topic	performing tasks during practical classes	exam	controls performing complex control	
	individual task	performing tasks during individual work		task (CCT) during the exam at the request of the student	

Diagnostic means and assessment procedures

During the current control lectures are evaluated by determining the quality of specific tasks. Practical classes are assessed by the quality of the control or individual task.

If the content of a certain type of classes is subject to several components of the description of the qualification level of the NQF, the integral value of the assessment can be determined taking into account the weights set by the teacher.

If there is a level of results of current controls in all types of classes at least 60 points, the final control is carried out without the participation of the student by determining the weighted average of current grades.

Regardless of the results of the current control, each student during the exam has the right to perform the CCT, which contains tasks covering key disciplinary learning outcomes.

The number of specified tasks of the CCT should correspond to the allotted time for execution. The number of the CCT options should provide individualization of the task.

The value of the assessment for the implementation of the CCT is determined by the average assessment of the components (specified tasks) and is final.

The integral value of the assessment of the implementation of the CCT can be determined taking into account the weights set by the department for each component of the description of the qualification level of the NQF.

#### 6.3 Criteria

Actual student learning outcomes are identified and measured relative to what is expected during the follow-up activities using criteria that describe the student's actions to demonstrate the achievement of learning outcomes.

To assess the performance of control tasks during the current control of lectures and practical classes as a criterion is used the coefficient of mastering, which automatically adapts the assessment indicator to the rating scale:

$$O_i = 100 \ a/m$$
,

where a is the number of correct answers or significant operations performed in accordance with the decision standard; m is the total number of questions or significant operations of the standard.

Individual tasks and complex tests are evaluated expertly using criteria that characterize the ratio of requirements to the level of competencies and indicators of assessment on a rating scale.

The content of the criteria is based on the competency characteristics defined by the NQF for the master's level of higher education (below).

The content of the criteria is based on the competency characteristics defined by the NQF for the bachelor's degree (below).

General criteria for achieving learning outcomes for the 6-th qualification level for NQF

Qualification level descriptors	Requirements for knowledge, skills, communication, autonomy and responsibility	Grade		
Knowledge				
specialized	The answer is excellent - correct, reasonable, meaningful.	95-100		
conceptual knowledge	Characterizes the presence of:			

Qualification level	Requirements for knowledge, skills, communication,		
descriptors	autonomy and responsibility		
acquired in the	- specialized conceptual knowledge at the level of the latest		
process of learning	achievements;		
and / or professional	- critical understanding of problems in teaching and / or		
activity at the level of	professional activities and at the border of subject areas		
the latest	The answer contains minor errors or omissions	90-94	
achievements, which	The answer is correct, but has some inaccuracies	85-89	
are the basis for	The answer is correct, but has some inaccuracies and is	80-84	
original thinking and	insufficiently substantiated		
innovation, in	The answer is correct, but has some inaccuracies,	74-79	
particular in the	insufficiently substantiated and meaningful		
context of research	The answer is fragmentary	70-73	
work;	The answer shows the student's vague ideas about the	65-69	
critical understanding	object of study		
of problems in	The level of knowledge is minimally satisfactory	60-64	
teaching and / or	The level of knowledge is unsatisfactory	<60	
professional activities			
and at the border of			
subject areas			
	Skills		
<ul> <li>solving complex</li> </ul>	The answer characterizes the ability to:	95-100	
problems and	- identify problems;		
problems that require	- formulate hypotheses;		
updating and	- solve problems;		
integration of	- update knowledge;		
knowledge, often in	- integrate knowledge;		
conditions of	- to carry out innovative activity;		
incomplete /	- to carry out scientific activity		
insufficient	The answer characterizes the ability to apply knowledge in	90-94	
information and	practice with minor errors		
conflicting	The answer characterizes the ability to apply knowledge in	85-89	
requirements;	practice, but has some inaccuracies in the implementation		
<ul> <li>conducting research</li> </ul>	of one requirement		
and / or innovation	The answer characterizes the ability to apply knowledge in	80-84	
activities	practice, but has some inaccuracies in the implementation		
	of the two requirements		
	The answer characterizes the ability to apply knowledge in	74-79	
	practice, but has some inaccuracies in the implementation		
	of the three requirements		
	The answer characterizes the ability to apply knowledge in	70-73	
	practice, but has some inaccuracies in the implementation		
	of the four requirements		
	The answer characterizes the ability to apply knowledge in	65-69	
	practice when performing tasks on the model		
	The answer characterizes the ability to apply knowledge in	60-64	
	performing tasks on the model, but with inaccuracies		
	The level of skills is unsatisfactory	<60	
	Communication		
• clear and	Clarity of the answer (report). Language:	95-100	
unambiguous	- correct;		
communication of own	- clean;		

Qualification level	Requirements for knowledge, skills, communication,	Grade
descriptors	autonomy and responsibility	
conclusions, as well as	- clear;	
knowledge and	- accurate;	
explanations that	- logical;	
substantiate them, to	- expressive;	
specialists and non-	- concise.	
specialists, in particular	Communication strategy:	
to students;	- consistent and consistent development of thought;	
• use of foreign	- the presence of logical own judgments;	
languages in	- appropriate reasoning and its compliance with the	
professional activities	defended provisions;	
	- correct structure of the answer (report);	
	- correct answers to questions;	
	- appropriate technique for answering questions;	
	- ability to draw conclusions and formulate	
	proposals;	
	- use of foreign languages in professional activities	
	Sufficient clarity of the answer (report) and appropriate	90-94
	communication strategy with minor flaws	
	Good clarity of the answer (report) and appropriate	85-89
	communication strategy (three requirements in total are not	
	realized)	
	Good clarity of response (report) and appropriate	80-84
	communication strategy (four requirements not	
	implemented in total)	
	Good comprehensibility of the answer (report) and	74-79
	appropriate communication strategy (five requirements in	
	total are not fulfilled)	
	Satisfactory clarity of response (report) and appropriate	70-73
	communication strategy (seven requirements not	
	implemented in total)	
	Satisfactory comprehensibility of the answer (report) and	65-69
	communication strategy with errors (a total of nine	
	requirements are not implemented)	
	Satisfactory comprehensibility of the answer (report) and	60-64
	communication strategy with errors (a total of 10	
	requirements are not implemented)	
	The level of communication is unsatisfactory	<60
	Autonomy and responsibility	
<ul> <li>responsibility for</li> </ul>	Excellent competence:	95-100
the development of	- use of principles and methods of organizing team	
professional	activities;	
knowledge and	- effective distribution of powers in the team	
practices,	structure;	
assessment of the	- maintaining a balanced relationship with team	
strategic	members (responsibility for the relationship);	
development of the	- stress resistance;	
team;	- self-regulation;	
<ul> <li>ability to further</li> </ul>	- work activity in extreme situations;	
study, which is	- high level of personal attitude to the case;	
largely autonomous	- mastery of all types of educational activities;	

Qualification level	Requirements for knowledge, skills, communication,	Grade
descriptors	autonomy and responsibility	
and independent	- appropriate level of fundamental knowledge;	
	- the appropriate level of formation of general	
	educational skills and abilities	
	Confident mastery of the competencies of autonomy and	90-94
	responsibility with minor flaws	
	Good mastery of autonomy and responsibility competencies	85-89
	(two requirements not met)	
	Good mastery of autonomy and responsibility competencies	80-84
	(three requirements not met)	
	Good mastery of autonomy and responsibility competencies	74-79
	(four requirements not met)	
	Good mastery of autonomy and responsibility competencies	70-73
	(five requirements not met)	
	Good mastery of autonomy and responsibility competencies	65-69
	(six requirements not met)	
	Satisfactory mastery of autonomy and responsibility	60-64
	competencies (fragmentary level)	
	The level of autonomy and responsibility is unsatisfactory	<60

## 7 TOOLS, EQUIPMENT AND SOFTWARE

Technical teaching aids (laboratory equipment, personal computers, multimedia equipment).

Remote platform (Teams, Zoom).

## **8 RECOMMENDED SOURCES OF INFORMATION**

1. S. Targ. Theoretical Mechanics. A Short Course. – Moscow: Foreign Languages Publishing House, 1974. – 421 p.

2. N.M. Belyaev. Strength of Materials. – Moscow: Mir Publisher, 1979. –647 p.

3. Theoretical mechanics. Kinematics [Text]: Summary of lectures/ A.M.Dolgov. - D.: National Mining institute, 1992. - 39 p.

4. Elements of Strength of Materials. [Text]: Summary of lectures, Part 1/ Blokhin S.E., A.M. Dolgov. - D.: National Mining university, 1998. - 35 p.

5. Theoretical Mechanics. Statics [Text]: Summary of lectures/ A.M.Dolgov. - D.: National Mining university, 1998. - 37 p.

6. Theoretical Mechanics. Dynamics [Text]: Summary of lectures/ A.M.Dolgov. - D.: National Mining university, 2000. - 49 p.

7. Theoretical Mechanics. Dynamics [Text]: tutorial/ A.M.Dolgov. - D.: National Mining university, 2012. - 160 p.

8. Dolgov, A.M. Theoretical mechanics [electronic resource] : electronic textbook / A.M.Dolgov ; Ministry of Education and Science of Ukraine, National Mining University. – Dnipropetrovs'k : NMU, 2015. – 124 p.

9. A.M. Dolgov, D.L.Kolosov. Mechanics of Machines [Text]: Study Guide / A.M. Dolgov. – D.: NTU «Dnipro university of technology», 2020. – 64 p.

Information Resources:

https://do.nmu.org.ua/course/view.php?id=2592 https://do.nmu.org.ua/course/view.php?id=2425 https://do.nmu.org.ua/course/view.php?id=2070 https://btpm.nmu.org.ua/ua/vydav/metodichka.php https://btpm.nmu.org.ua/ua/selfstudy/och.php **Educational Edition** 

WORKING PROGRAM «Technical Mechanics» for bachelors majoring in 141 Power Engineering, Electrical Engineering and Electromechanics

Author: Alexander M. Dolgov

Prepared for publication at the National Technical University «Dnipro University of Technology». Certificate of entry in the State Register of SC № 1842 49005, Dnipro, ave. D. Yavornytsky, 19